SAFETY DATA SHEET

NATIONAL TC-W3®

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	: S018	
Product code	: Not available.	
Other means of identification	Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Two-cycled engines.	
Supplier's details	: Pinnacle Oil Holdings, LLC 8175-B Allison Ave. Indianapolis, IN 46268	
Manufactured by	: Pinnacle Oil Holdings, LLC 8175-B Allison Ave. Indianapolis, IN 46268 Tel: 317-875-9465 Fax: 317-875-0889	
	www.pinnacleoil.com Email: SDS@pinnoil.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)	
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification	

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

1	Mixtur
	IVII/LUI

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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 30	64742-47-8
White mineral oil (petroleum)	1 - 5	8042-47-5

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use high volume water jet as an extinguisher, as this may spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Carbon oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
White mineral oil (petroleum)	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light White mineral oil (petroleum)	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist STEV: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls		Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

:	Liquid.
:	Blue.
1	Petroleum.
1	Not available.
:	>98°C (>208.4°F) (ASTM D93).
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
÷	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	0.86
:	Not available.
;	Not available.
÷	Not available.
÷	Not available.
-	42.23 cSt [ASTM D445]
:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Ocation 11 Tarris	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin	contact
Inges	stion

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

AERG : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Vinyl acetate; Naphthalene
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed



Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ		RQ	
Name		EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Vinyl acetate		Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8
SARA 304 RQ	: 2117746717492.6 lbs / 9614	570097	41.6 kg [293]	291075257.8		

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Classification
	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SARA 313

There is no data available.

State regulations

State regulations	
Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; White mineral oil (petroleum)
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	
WARNING : This produce the second se	uct can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canada inventory (DSL NDSL)	: Not determined.
Canadian NPRI	 The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; White mineral oil (petroleum)
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

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NFPA Hazard Ratings 4= extreme 3= high 2= moderate 1= slight 0= insignificant N= no rating for powders

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification	
Not classified.			
<u>History</u>		·	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 05/15/2019		
Date of previous issue	: 11/15/2017		
Version	: 2		
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention	 E = Acute Toxicity Estimate CF = Bioconcentration Factor HS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals TA = International Air Transport Association C = Intermediate Bulk Container DG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods gPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient ARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as podified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) 	
Internal code	: Pinnacle129		

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